UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

9702 PHYSICS

9702/21

Paper 2 (AS Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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	i aye z		GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011		9702	<u>1 apei</u> 21		
1	(2)	(i)	motr			+	B1	[1]
1	(a)	(i)	meu	e rule / tape			Ы	[1]
		(ii)	micro	ometer (screv	v gauge) / digital caliper		B1	[1]
		(iii)	amm	neter and volt	meter / ohmmeter / multimeter on 'ohm'	setting	B1	[1]
	(b)	(i)	resis	stivity = RA / I	_		C1	
	. ,	.,		= [7.5 ×	π × (0.38 × 10 ³) ² / 4] / 1.75		M1	
				= 4.86 >	$^{\circ}$ 10 7 Ω m		A0	[2]
		(ii)		certainty in $R = $ [0.2 / 7.5] × 100 = 2.7%				
					$L = \frac{3}{1750} \times 100 = 0.17\%$		C1	
			•	ertainty in A =	$2 \times (0.01 / 0.38) \times 100 = 5.3 \%$		C1	
			total	= 8.13%			C1	
					5 × 10 ⁷ (Ω m)		A1	[4]
			(mis	sing 2 factor i	n uncertainty in A, then allow max 3/4)			
	(c)	res	istivity	v = (4.9 × 10 ⁻⁷	$^{\prime}$ ± 0.4 × 10 7) Ω m		A1	[1]
2	(a)	woi forc <i>or</i>		e is the force	× the distance moved / displacement in	the direction of the	9	
			rk is d	one when a f	prce moves in the direction of the force		B1	[1]
	(b)	(b) com		pnent of weight = $850 \times 9.81 \times \sin 7.5^{\circ}$		C1		
		(us	e of ir	= 1090 N e of incorrect trigonometric function, 0/2)			A1	[2]
	(c)	(i)		= 4600 - 1090			M1	
				eleration = 35	10 / 850 ms ²		A1 A0	[0]
			_		1115		AU	[2]
		(ii)		$u^{2} + 2as$ 25 ² + 2 × - 4	1 × 5		C1	
				625 / 8.2	.1 ^ 3		CI	
				76 m			A1	[2]
			(allo	w full credit fo	r calculation of time (6.05 s) & then s)			
		(iii)	1.	kinetic energy			C1	
					$= 0.5 \times 850 \times 25^{2}$		• •	
					$= 2.7 \times 10^5 $ J		A1	[2]
			2.	work done	= 4600 × 75.7		Λ 4	F#7
					$= 3.5 \times 10^5 \text{ J}$		A1	[1]
		(iv)	diffe	rence is the lo	oss in potential energy (<i>owtte</i>)		B1	[1]

	Page 3	3	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
3			GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011 9702 here the weight of an object / gravitational force considered to act 9702		21 M1 A1	[2]
	(b) product		of the force and the <u>perpendicular</u> distance (to the pivo	t)	B1	[1]
	(c) (i)	1.	sum / net / resultant force is zero		B1	
			net / resultant moment is zero sum of clockwise moments = sum of anticlockwise mo	ments	B1	[2]
	(ii)	W	$0.2 = 80 \times 0.5 + 70 \times 1.3$ = 40 + 91 = 655 N w 2/3 for one error in distance but 0/3 if two errors)		C1 C1 A1	[3]
	(iii)	give antio	re pivot to left s greater clockwise moment / smaller clockwise moment		(M1) (A1)	
			ve W to right s smaller anticlockwise moment		(M1) (A1)	[2]
4	(a) (i)	stre	ss is force / area		B1	[1]
	(ii)	stra	<i>in</i> is extension / <u>original</u> length		B1	[1]
	(b) (i)	e =	[<i>F / A</i>] ÷ [<i>e / I</i>] (25 × 1.7) / (5.74 × 10 ⁸ × 1.6 × 10 ¹¹) 4.6 × 10 ³ m		C1 C1 A1	[3]
	(ii)	$\mathbf{e} \propto$	ecomes A/2 or stress is doubled <i>l</i> / A or substitution into full formula I extension increase is 4 <i>e</i>		B1 B1 A1	[3]
5	(a) (i)		12 / (6 + 12) mum current = 0.67 A		C1 A1	[2]
	(ii)		ect start and finish points ect shape for curve with decreasing gradient		M1 A1	[2]
	• •	maximum current = 2.0 A minimum current = 0				[2]
	(c) (i)		ooth curve starting at (0,0) with decreasing gradient section not horizontal		M1 A1	[2]
	(ii)		range of current / p.d. possible currents / p.d. down to zero brightness ranging from off to full brightness		B1	[1]

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				GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	9702	21	
6	(a)	larg mol no i elas time	ecule interm stic co e of co	of: mber of molecules / atoms / particles es in random motion nolecular forces ollisions ollisions much less than time between collisions of molecules much less than volume of containing vess	el	B1 + B1	[2]
	(b)	molecules collide with the walls <u>change in momentum</u> of molecules implies force (on molecules) molecules exert equal and opposite force on wall pressure is averaging effect of many collisions (<i>any three statements, 1 each</i>)				В3	[3]
7	(a)			ives overlap / meet, (resultant) displacement is the suments	m of the indivi	dual B1	[1]
	(b)	(i)	conr <i>or</i> one	(ball-type) dippers nected to the same vibrating source /motor wave source described two slits		(M1) (A1) (M1) (A1)	[2]
		(ii)		o with viewing screen on opposite side of tank ns of freezing picture e.g. strobe		B1 B1	[2]
	(c)	(i)	two	correct lines labelled X		B1	[1]
		(ii)	corre	ect line labelled N		B1	[1]